

---

# THE GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

---

WASHINGTON, DC

## Counting for Dollars

16 Largest Federal Assistance Programs that Distribute Funds on Basis of Decennial  
Census-derived Statistics

### Health Center Programs (Community, Migrant, Homeless, Public Housing)

A [report](#) of the Counting for Dollars Project identifies the 16 largest federal financial assistance programs that use Decennial Census-derived data to distribute funds to states and local areas. This fact sheet describes the Health Center Programs and the nature of their reliance on Census-derived data.

Objective: Improve the health of underserved communities and vulnerable populations by assuring access to comprehensive, culturally competent, quality primary health care services.

Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) #: [93.224](#) and [93.527](#)

Applicant eligibility: Public and nonprofit entities

Type of assistance: Project grants

Beneficiary eligibility: Population groups in medically underserved areas, medically underserved populations, and special populations such migratory and seasonal agricultural workers, people experiencing homelessness, and public housing residents.

Primary Census-derived data sources: Index of Medical Underservice (HHS)

Relation to accuracy of local Decennial Census count: Positive

A local Decennial Census undercount of eligible families would increase the likelihood that the area would not qualify to receive services under this program.

**Health Center Programs (Community, Migrant, Homeless, Public Housing)  
Obligations – U.S. and States, FY2015**

United States	\$4,181,407,055		
Alabama	\$77,783,463	Montana	\$38,527,377
Alaska	\$67,526,044	Nebraska	\$18,795,713
Arizona	\$73,592,792	Nevada	\$19,111,848
Arkansas	\$50,340,087	New Hampshire	\$22,840,179
California	\$573,200,313	New Jersey	\$71,866,213
Colorado	\$96,212,429	New Mexico	\$65,320,352
Connecticut	\$49,778,652	New York	\$235,772,014
Delaware	\$12,800,472	North Carolina	\$118,621,765
District of Columbia	\$25,769,178	North Dakota	\$9,168,808
Florida	\$214,787,047	Ohio	\$122,227,266
Georgia	\$104,340,922	Oklahoma	\$52,977,345
Hawaii	\$27,360,908	Oregon	\$88,010,651
Idaho	\$41,165,166	Pennsylvania	\$113,627,693
Illinois	\$179,864,587	Rhode Island	\$24,768,310
Indiana	\$62,359,621	South Carolina	\$76,488,070
Iowa	\$35,335,304	South Dakota	\$17,816,686
Kansas	\$37,418,872	Tennessee	\$79,508,436
Kentucky	\$64,724,388	Texas	\$245,890,848
Louisiana	\$84,339,078	Utah	\$31,876,201
Maine	\$39,149,876	Vermont	\$17,800,109
Maryland	\$57,699,964	Virginia	\$79,293,497
Massachusetts	\$113,597,650	Washington	\$122,044,529
Michigan	\$109,278,435	West Virginia	\$60,745,150
Minnesota	\$36,791,987	Wisconsin	\$40,406,827
Mississippi	\$71,216,716	Wyoming	\$8,792,808
Missouri	\$92,674,409		

Source: USASpending.gov

Prepared by Andrew Reamer, Research Professor, GWIPP, with data provided by Sean Moulton, Open Government Program Manager, Project on Government Oversight

June 13, 2017